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Uni. Roll No.

Program: B.Tech. (Batch 2018 onward)

Semester: 1

Name of Subject: Mathematics I

Subject Code: BSC-103

Paper ID: 15927

Time Allowed: 03 Hours

Max. Marks: 60

NOTE:

- 1) Parts A and B are compulsory
- 2) Part-C has Two Questions Q8 and Q9. Both are compulsory, but with internal choice
- 3) Any missing data may be assumed appropriately

Part – A

[Marks: 02 each]

Q1.

- a) Define Clairaut's equation.
- b) For what values of p , does the series $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^p}$ converge or diverge?
- c) Evaluate $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x - \sin x}{x^3}$.
- d) Test the convergence or divergence of the improper integral $\int_0^{\infty} e^{-x} dx$.
- e) Using Cayley Hamilton Theorem, Find the inverse of the matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ 3 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$.
- f) Solve the differential equation $\frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} - 3 \frac{dy}{dx} + 2y = 0$.

Part – B

[Marks: 04 each]

- Q2. Find the Maclaurin series for $f(x) = \sin x$.
- Q3. Solve the differential equation $(3xy^2 - y^3)dx - (2x^2y - xy^2)dy = 0$.
- Q4. Prove that $\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) = \sqrt{\pi}$.
- Q5. Solve $y'' - 6y' + 9y = \frac{e^{3x}}{x^2}$ by variation of parameter method.

- Q6. Use the rank method to test the consistency of the system of equations $2x + 3y + 4z = 11$,
 $x + 5y + 7z = 15$, $3x + 11y + 13z = 25$.
- Q7. Test the convergence or divergence of the series $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{2n-1}{n(n+1)(n+2)}$.

Part – C

[Marks: 12 each]

- Q8. Solve the differential equation $x^2 \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - x \frac{dy}{dx} + 2y = x \log x$.

OR

(i) Solve $x \frac{dy}{dx} + y = x^3 y^6$.

(ii) Solve the equation $3x^4 p^2 - px - y = 0$.

- Q9. Diagonalise the matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 1 & -1 \\ -2 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$ and obtain its modal matrix.

OR

- Discuss the convergence of the series $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{4.7.10.....(3n+1)}{1.2.3.....n} x^n$.
